FORM TP 2005254



TEST CODE 02134032

MAY/JUNE 2005

CARIBBEAN EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL ADVANCED PROFICIENCY EXAMINATION

PURE MATHEMATICS

UNIT 1 - PAPER 03/B

 $1\frac{1}{2} hours$ 20 MAY 2005 (p.m.)

This examination paper consists of THREE sections: Module 1, Module 2, and Module 3.

Each section consists of 1 question. The maximum mark for each section is 20. The maximum mark for this examination is 60. This examination paper consists of 4 pages.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. DO NOT open this examination paper until instructed to do so.

2. Answer ALL questions from the THREE sections.

3. Unless otherwise stated in the question, any numerical answer that is not exact **MUST** be written correct to three significant figures.

Examination materials

Mathematical formulae and tables Electronic calculator Graph paper

Section A (Module 1)

- 2 -

Answer this question.

(a) Given that $2x^2 + 8x + 11 = 2(x + h)^2 + k$ for all values of x, find the value of EACH of the constants h and k. [5 marks]

(b) (i) If $p, q, r, s \in \mathbf{R}$, use the fact that $(p-q)^2 \ge 0$ to show that $p^2 + q^2 \ge 2 pq$. [2 marks]

- (ii) Deduce that if $p^2 + q^2 = 1$, then $pq \le \frac{1}{2}$. [1 mark]
- (c) A club bakes and sells x cakes, making a profit, in dollars, that is modelled by the function $f(x) = x^2 10x$.
 - (i) Sketch the graph of the function $f(x) = x^2 10x$. [8 marks]
 - (ii) From your graph, determine

a) the LEAST number of cakes sold for which a profit is realised [2 marks]

b) the GREATEST possible loss in dollars [1 mark]

c) the number of cakes for which the GREATEST possible loss occurs. [1 mark]

Total 20 marks

1.

Section B (Module 2)

Answer this question.

(a) The straight line through the point P(4, 3) is perpendicular to 3x + 2y = 5 and meets the given line at N.

Find

(i) the coordinates of N	[6	marks]
--------------------------	----	--------

(ii) the length of the line-segment *PN*. [2 marks]

(b)

2.

The table below presents data collected on the movement of the tide at various times after midnight on a particular day.

Tide Movement	Time After Midnight (t hours)	Height (h metres)
High	0	12
Low	6	2
High	12	12
Low	18	2

The height, h metres, can be modelled by a function of the form $h = p \cos(qt)^\circ + 7$ where t is the time in hours after midnight. Use the data from the table to find the values of p and q. [12 marks]

Total 20 marks

Section C (Module 3)

Answer this question.

3.

(a)

(i)

Find
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^3 - 1}{x - 1}$$

(ii) Determine the real values of x for which the function

$$f(x) = \frac{3x-1}{x^2-x-2}$$

is continuous.

[3 marks]

[3 marks]

(b) Differentiate with respect to x, from first principles, the function $x^2 + 2x$. [5 marks]

- (c) Initially, the depth of water in a tank is 32 m. Water drains from the tank through a hole cut in the bottom. At t minutes after the water begins draining, the depth of water in the tank is x metres. The depth of the water changes, with respect to time t, at the rate equal to (-2t 4).
 - (i) Find an expression for x in terms of t. [5 marks]
 - (ii) Hence, determine how long it takes for the water to drain completely from the tank. [4 marks]

Total 20 marks

END OF TEST