FORM TP 2008240



TEST CODE **22134020**

MAY/JUNE 2008

CARIBBEAN EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL ADVANCED PROFICIENCY EXAMINATION

PURE MATHEMATICS

UNIT 1 – PAPER 02

ALGEBRA, GEOMETRY AND CALCULUS

2 1/2 hours

30 JUNE 2008 (a.m.)

This examination paper consists of THREE sections: Module 1, Module 2 and Module 3.

Each section consists of 2 questions. The maximum mark for each Module is 50. The maximum mark for this examination is 150. This examination consists of 6 printed pages.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. DO NOT open this examination paper until instructed to do so.

2. Answer ALL questions from the THREE sections.

3. Write your solutions, with full working, in the answer booklet provided.

4. Unless otherwise stated in the question, any numerical answer that is not exact **MUST** be written correct to three significant figures.

Examination Materials Permitted

Graph paper (provided) Mathematical formulae and tables (provided) – **Revised 2008** Mathematical instruments Silent, non-programmable, electronic calculator

> Copyright © 2008 Caribbean Examinations Council ®. All rights reserved.

22134020/CAPE 2008

SECTION A (Module 1)

- 2 -

Answer BOTH questions.

1. (a) (i) Determine the values of the real number h for which the roots of the quadratic equation $4x^2 - 2hx + (8 - h) = 0$ are real. [8 marks]

(ii) The roots of the cubic equation

 $x^3 - 15x^2 + px - 105 = 0$

are 5 - k, 5 and 5 + k.

Find the values of the constants p and k.

[7 marks]

(i) Copy the table below and complete by inserting the values for the functions f(x) = |x + 2| and g(x) = 2 |x - 1|.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
f(x)	1		1		3			6	
g(x)	8	6		2		2			

[4 marks]

(ii) Using a scale of 1 cm to 1 unit on both axes, draw on the same graph

$$f(x)$$
 and $g(x)$ for $-3 \le x \le 5$. [4 marks]

(iii) Using the graphs, find the values of x for which f(x) = g(x). [2 marks]

Total 25 marks

22134020/CAPE 2008

(b)

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE

2.

3.

(a)

Without using calculators or tables, evaluate

$$\sqrt{\frac{27^{10} + 9^{10}}{27^4 + 9^{11}}}$$

(b) (i) Prove that
$$\log_n m = \frac{\log_{10} m}{\log_{10} n}$$
, for $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$. [4 marks]

- (ii) Hence, given that $y = (\log_2 3) (\log_3 4) (\log_4 5) \dots (\log_{31} 32)$, calculate the exact value of y. [6 marks]
- (c) Prove, by the principle of mathematical induction, that

$$f(n)=7^n-1$$

is divisible by 6, for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.

[7 marks]

Total 25 marks

SECTION B (Module 2)

Answer BOTH questions.

(a)	Let p	Let $\mathbf{p} = \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{J}$. If $\mathbf{q} = \lambda \mathbf{I} + 2\mathbf{J}$, find values of λ such that					
	(i)	q is parallel to p	[1 mark]				
	(ii)	q is perpendicular to p	[2 marks]				
	(iii)	the angle between p and q is $\frac{\pi}{3}$.	[5 marks]				
(b)	Show	that $\frac{1 - \cos 2A + \sin 2A}{1 + \cos 2A + \sin 2A} = \tan A.$	[6 marks]				
(c)	(i)	Using the formula for $\sin A + \sin B$, show that if $t = 2 \cos \theta$ then					
		$\sin(n+1) \theta = t \sin n\theta - \sin(n-1) \theta$	[2 marks]				
	(ii)	Hence, show that $\sin 3\theta = (t^2 - 1) \sin \theta$.	[2 marks]				
	(iii)	Using (c) (ii) above, or otherwise, find ALL solutions of $\sin 3\theta = \sin \theta$	$\theta, 0 \le \theta \le \pi.$ [7 marks]				

Total 25 marks

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE

22134020/CAPE 2008

4.

(a)

(i)

The line x - 2y + 4 = 0 cuts the circle, $x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 20y + 51 = 0$ with centre P, at the points A and B.

Find the coordinates of P, A and B.

[6 marks]

(ii) The equation of any circle through A and B is of the form

$$x^{2} + y^{2} - 2x - 20y + 51 + \lambda (x - 2y + 4) = 0$$

where λ is a parameter.

A new circle C with centre Q passes through P, A and B.

Find

a)	the value of λ	•	[2 marks]
b)	the equation of circle C		[2 marks]
c)	the distance, $ PQ $, between the centres	1963 N	[3 marks]
d)	the distance $ PM $ if PQ cuts AB at M .		[4 marks]

(b) A curve is given by the parametric equations $x = 2 + 3 \sin t$, $y = 3 + 4 \cos t$.

Show that

(i) the Cartesian equation of the curve is

$$\frac{(x-2)^2}{9} + \frac{(y-3)^2}{16} = 1$$
 [3 marks]

(ii) every point on the curve lies within or on the circle

 $(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 25.$ [5 marks]

Total 25 marks

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE

22134020/CAPE 2008

SECTION C (Module 3)

Answer BOTH questions.

5. (a) Use L'Hopital's rule to obtain
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 4x}{\sin 5x}$$
. [3 marks]

(b) (i) Given that
$$y = \frac{x}{1-4x}$$
,
a) find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ [4 marks]

b) show that $x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = y^2$. [2 marks]

(ii) Hence, or otherwise, show that
$$x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2(x-y) \frac{dy}{dx} = 0.$$
 [3 marks]

- (c) A rectangular box without a lid is made from thin cardboard. The sides of the base are 2x cm and 3x cm, and its height is h cm. The total surface area of the box is 200 cm².
 - (i) Show that $h = \frac{20}{x} \frac{3x}{5}$. [4 marks]

(ii) Find the height of the box for which its volume $V \text{ cm}^3$ is a maximum.

[9 marks]

Total 25 marks

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE

- 6. (a) Use the substitution $u = 3x^2 + 1$ to find $\int \frac{x \, dx}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 1}}$. [6 marks]
 - (b) A curve C passes through the point (3, -1) and has gradient $x^2 4x + 3$ at the point (x, y) on C.

Find the equation of C.

[4 marks]

(c) The figure below (not drawn to scale) shows part of the line y + 2x = 5 and part of the curve y = x (4 - x) which meet at A. The line meets Oy at B and the curve cuts Ox at C.



- (i) Find the coordinates of A, B and C. [6 marks]
- (ii) Hence find the exact value of the area of the shaded region. [9 marks]

Total 25 marks

END OF TEST